Workshop to DFC Committee: Collection, Management, Evaluation, and Reporting of Monitoring Data



October 8, 2020

Agenda

- Simulations from Modified SP/QC/CW GAM
 - Simulated and Measured Impacts from Vista Ridge Pumping
 - Results from PS-7 DFC Simulation
- Desired Future Conditions
 - Review Existing and PS-7 DFCs and MAGs
 - Considerations for Changing DFCs
 - Recommendations for GMA-12 and GANA Scenarios
- Highlights of Monitoring & Pumping Dashboards
 - Comparison of TWDB and POSGCD Well Assignments
 - Comparison of TWDB and POSGCD Pumping Rates

Agenda (con't)

- Water Level Analyses for DFC and PDL Compliance
 - Analysis Methods
 - Comparison of Analysis Methods
 - Recommendations for CR Report
- GWAP Annual Needs Assessment Report and Compliance Report Report
- Suggestions for 2021 Hydrological Studies
 - Improvement on Analysis Methods
 - Improvement to SP/QC/CW GAM

Simulations from Modified SP/QC/CW GAM

Vista Ridge Pumping Through August 2020

| Month | Monthly acre-feet | | | |
|------------------------|-------------------|----------|-------|--|
| WOILI | Carrizo | Simsboro | Total | |
| Nov 2019 | 19 | 119 | 138 | |
| Dec 2019 | 80 | 194 | 274 | |
| Jan 2020 | 367 | 1,286 | 1,653 | |
| Feb 2020 | 476 | 1,521 | 1,997 | |
| Mar 2020 | 14 | 62 | 76 | |
| Apr 2020 | 440 | 1,254 | 1,694 | |
| May 2020 | 447 | 1,390 | 1,837 | |
| Jun 2020 | 448 | 1,471 | 1,919 | |
| Jul 2020 | 774 | 2,230 | 3,004 | |
| Aug 2020 | 1,151 | 3,175 | 4,326 | |
| Avg. Monthly Permit | 1,250 | 2,994 | 4,244 | |





Location of Transducers



Sparta & Queen City



Carrizo



Calvert Bluff





Observations: First 8 months

- All measured drawdowns are about the same or less than simulated by groundwater model- no surprises
- No distinguishable impacts in Sparta or Queen City
- Measurable impacts in all formations in the Carrizo, Calvert Bluff, and Simsboro
- Revised GAM is over estimating drawdown in the Simsboro

Desired Future Conditions

POSGCD Pumping for PS-7

| | Current DFC (feet) | Current MAG in 2070 | S-7 Drawdown from 2010 to 2070 (feet) | S-7 Pumpage in 2070 (acre-feet) |
|------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|---|--|
| Sparta | 28 | 6,735 | 17 | 1,983 |
| Queen City | 30 | 504 | 19 | 1,045 |
| Carrizo | 67 | 7,058 | 177 | 18,205 |
| Calvert Bluff | 149 | 1,036 | 183 | 4,761 |
| Simsboro | 318 | 48,503 | 355 | 85,855 |
| Hooper | 205 | 4,422 | 222 | 3,126 |



Consideration for Evaluating DFCs

- Permitted Pumping
- Impact of Pumping on Water Levels at Existing Wells
- Compliance with existing DFCs and PDLs
- Existing Water Column above the Top of the Aquifer (Available drawdown)
- Impact on Pumping in Adjacent GCDs on DFCs in POSGCD
- Reported Pumping is Less than the Permitted Pumping
- Addition of Management Zones and Changes in DFC
- Uncertainty in model predictions (± 10%)

Carrizo Issues of Concern

Impacts of Simulated Drawdown on Existing Wells



GANA Perform Using PS-9

Impact of Non-POSGCD Wells on POSGCD DFCs

| Vista Ridge | DFC (2010 - 2070) | | |
|------------------|-------------------|------------------|----------|
| Pumping (AFY) | Carrizo | Calvert Bluff | Simsboro |
| 0 | 105 | 157 | 347 |
| 5,000 | 127 | 165 | 349 |
| 6,000 | 132 | 166 | 349 |
| 7,500 | 139 | 169 | 349 |
| 9,000 | 145 | 171 | 350 |
| 15,000 | 172 | 181 | 351 |

| | Current DFC (feet) | Current MAG in 2070 | S-7 Drawdown from 2010 to 2070 (feet) | S-7 Pumpage in 2070 (acre-feet) |
|---------|--------------------------|---------------------------|---|--|
| Carrizo | 67 | 7,058 | 177 | 18,205 |

PO-0943 Hydrograph using Modified PS-7



DFC and PDLs Issues of Concern

PDLs





| Current Current Drav DFC MAG in from (feet) 2070 to | S-7 S- wdown Pump n 2010 in 20 2070 (acre- | 7 Dage D70 feet) |
|---|---|---------------------------|
| Sparta 28 6,735 | 17 1,9 | 83 |
| Queen 30 504 City | 19 1,0 | 45 |
| Carrizo 67 7,058 | 177 18,2 | 205 |
| Calvert 149 1,036 : Bluff | 183 4,7 | 61 |
| imsboro 318 48,503 3 | 855 85,8 | 355 |
| Hooper 205 4,422 | 3,1 | 26 |

S

Sparta Permitted Pumping < 2,600 AFY

Addition of Management Zones and Possible Change of DFCs



Calvert Bluff



Hooper

Available Drawdown (water column above top of aquifer)

Available Water Column above the Top of the Aquifer

| Aquifer | Water Column (ft) Above Top of Aquifer | | |
|---------------|--|--------|--|
| | Average | Median | |
| Sparta | 851 | 806 | |
| Queen City | 892 | 708 | |
| Carrizo | 1,213 | 975 | |
| Calvert Bluff | 1,322 | 1,012 | |
| Simsboro | 2,000 | 1,729 | |
| Hooper | 2,287 | 2,114 | |

Contours of Available Water Column above the Top of Carrizo (2020)



Maps of Available Drawdown can be used to help understand the vulnerability of an aquifer to pumping impacts is spatially dependent

Permitted Amounts

Comparison of Pumping Versus Permitted

| Aquifer | Permited Amount (AFY) | PS-7 Pumping (AFY) |
|---------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| Sparta | 2,586 | 1,983 |
| Queen City | 1,414 | 1,045 |
| Carrizo | 18,690 | 18,205 |
| Calvert Bluff | 4,366 | 4,761 |
| Simsboro | 103,398 | 85,855 |
| Hooper | 2,618 | 3,126 |
| Total | 133,072 | 114,975 |

Uncertainty Associated with GAM Prediction

Uncertainty Associated with DFC Simulation



DFCs Discussion

Considerations

- drawdown (available, existing DFC, GANA report, DFC and PDL compliance)
- production (permit, existing MAG, percentage of TERS)
- Assessment of Water Levels above bottom of wells
- Sensitivity Analyses of Well Impacts based Modifications to PS-7

• Uncertainty

- Upper limit (15% 20%)
- Lower Limit (0 -5%)

• DFCs

Areas Based on new Management Area2

Highlights of Monitoring & Pumping Dashboards

Aquifer Assignment: TWDB Assignments Differ from INTERA Assignments*

Monitoring Wells Brazos River Alluvium Yegua-Jackson Cook Mountain Sparta Queen City Carrizo Calvert Bluff Hearne Simsboro Hooper **Below Hooper** Milam 💿 📀 No Assignment Mismatch TWDB Mixed **TWDB Wilcox** n Gabriel River College Station **Burleson** Somervi 751 ft 10^{.501 ft} 20 Miles Camp

TWDB dB does not match INTERA assignment

18 wells – difference between TWDB and INTERA assignments

Estimates of Reported Pumping



Estimates of Reported Pumping (con't)

Brazos River Alluvium







Unknown

Total Pumping



Water Level Analyses for DFC and PDL Compliance

Review of Drawdown Calculation



Current Interpolation Routine: Benefits

- No objective method for assessing uncertainty
 - Provides coverage across entire area of interest
 - Allows integration of monitoring data from adjacent GCDs
 - Prevents bias associated with clustered data points
 - Minimizes subjectivity associated with how to weight individual measurements
 - Well documented methodology that is publicly available

Current Interpolation Routine: Limitations

- Designed to generated delineate maps of watersheds from topographic
- Avoids creating depressions (like those around pumping wells)
- Underlying mathematic does not provide options to estimate uncertainty

Geostatistics for Predicting Water Levels

- •Defensibility: Best-science estimates (BSEs), industry-leading techniques
- •Robust Analysis: Allows inclusion of secondary data that is correlated to water level data
- •**Software**: Algorithms are known and code is available for review (not a blackbox)
- •**Reproducibility/transparency**: Remove any guesswork from annual drawdown maps
- •**Risk reduction** (no surprises): any uncertainty in estimates are known and predictable



Development of Geostatiscal Programs

- QA/QC water level measurements for 2019 and 2020
- Work with Dr. Michael Pyrcz at UT Austin on developing and applying geostatistical methods
 - Dr. Pyrcz has developed software that is publicly available
 - Tenured Professor with distinguished publication record and 14 years with industry



GEOSTATISTICAL RESERVOIR MODELING Second Edition



MICHAEL J. PYRCZ = CLAYTON V. DEUTSCH Copyrighted Material

Location of Shallow Monitoring Wells

- No major gaps in coverage
- One notable gap in coverage near Milam-Burleson County line
- Depth of wells range between 30 and 370 feet
- Notable changes in water levels (>10 ft) occur at some wells during 3-month sampling period
- Several outcrop zones are relatively thin and wide
- Excellent correlation between topography and water levels



Approaches for Interpreting Shallow Water Levels

- Topo2raster (baseline)
- Topo2rasters (baseline + stream elevations)
- Kriging (BSE, no secondary data)
- Kriging Detrended Water Levels (BSE, use model to "detrend" data)
- CoKriging using Topography (BSE, use model to "detrend" data)
- CoKriging using Topography & Stream
- CoKriging using Topography & Stream & Pumping



Location of Aquifer Monitoring Wells

- major gaps in coverage
- water levels change more sensitive than zone zones



2019 2010 8 2020 Water lovale

Approaches for Interpreting Aquifer Water Levels

- Topo2raster (baseline)
- Kriging (BSE, no secondary data)
- Kriging Detrended Water Levels (BSE, use model to "detrend" data)

Process for Generating Water Level Maps for

Detrending Water Levles



Miles

16000 ft

Comparison of Methods For Entire Aquifer













Topo2raster
Kriging

Kriging /Detrend

Comparison of Methods for Shallow Aquifer Zone

(<400 ft)













2019 2020

2018

Comparison of Variograms (2020 data)



Kriging\Detrending (shallow)



Kriging\Detrending (Simsboro)



Assessment

Criteria

- Conceptual assumptions
- Mathematical foundation
- Capability to support uncertainty analysis
- Scientific literature
- Consistency in predicted values
- Opportunity for continued improvement
- Evaluation
 - Kriging/Detrending is best
 - Kriging is too sensitivity to moderate perturbations in data
 - Topo2raster is a viable option for validation

Potential Applications

Shallow Zone

- Average Water Level Elevation with Kriging/Detrending
- Average Water Level Drawdown with Kriging/Detrending and possibility Topo2raster
- Data limitations in small outcrops
- Yegua/Jackson zone is least reliable
- Additional work recommended (uncertainty, starting year)

• Evaluation

- Kriging/Detrending is best
- Data limitation are significant in down dip regions of some aquifers
- Quality checks on measured data is very important
- Yegua/Jackson zone is least reliable because of GAM
- Recommendation is to use average drawdown as primary and average water levels as secondary criteria
- Additional work recommended (uncertainty, GAM)

GWAP Annual Needs Assessment Report and Compliance Report Report

Reports

GANA Report

Groundwater Assistance Program Annual Needs Assessment

<u>Objective:</u> Evaluate the potential of *water wells* going "dry" based on *simulated water levels* from GMA 12 DFC simulations **CR Report**

Evaluation of Compliance Goals Based on Monitored Water Levels

<u>Objective:</u> Evaluate compliance to *DFC's* and *PDL's* based on interpretation of measured water levels

MS Report

Assessment of Management Strategies for Water Availability and Production

<u>Objective:</u> Using best science to:

- 1) predict year that Rule 16 thresholds may occur
- 2) evaluate timing for production cutbacks to achieve management goals
- 3) assess the need for adjusting maximum allowable production of 2 ac-ft/ac
- 4) assess effectiveness of current management strategies for achieving management goals
- 5) identify possible changes in management strategies to help achieve management goals
- **GANA** = Groundwater Assistance Program Annual Needs Assessment
- **CR** = Compliance Report
- MS = Management Strategies

GWAP Annual Needs Assessment Report

- INTERA submit list of changes in GWAP discussed in Aug DFC Committee Meeting that address report on Oct 12
- INTERA submit proposed model runs on Oct 23
- Complete draft report by November 17th

Compliance Report

- Document analyzes presented on April 30 to DFC committee
- Include chapter on recommended changes to data collections and data analysis protocols
- Complete draft report by November 30^h

Suggestions for 2021 Hydrological Studies

Aquifer Research

- Continued Improvements to GAM
 - Pumping rates for permitted wells
 - Additional pumping tests
 - Calibration
 - POSGCD monitoring data
 - Vista Ridge monitoring data
- Kriging/Detrend Application
 - Improved Coupling between modeled and measured water levels
 - Quantity uncertainty

Evidence for Potential Improvement in the GAM



Questions?